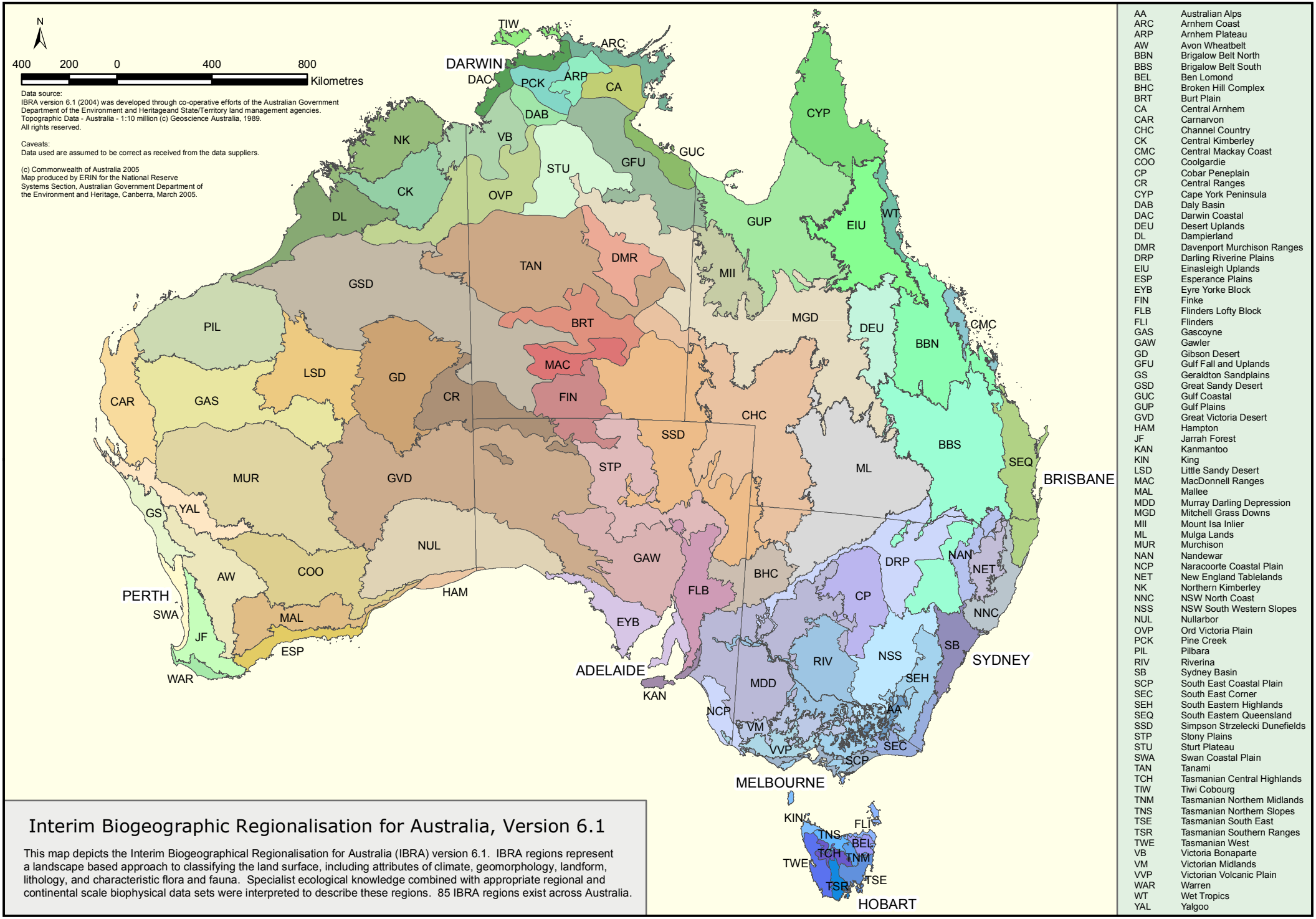

AA Australian Alps
ARC Arnhem Coast
ARP Arnhem Plateau
AW Avon Wheatbelt
BBN Brigalow Belt North
BBS Brigalow Belt South
BEL Ben Lomond
BHC Broken Hill Complex
BRT Burt Plain
CA Central Arnhem
CAR Carnarvon
CHC Channel Country
CK Central Kimberley
CMC Central Mackay Coast
COO Coolgardie
CP Cobar Peneplain
CR Central Ranges
CYP Cape York Peninsula
DAB Daly Basin
DAC Darwin Coastal
DEU Desert Uplands
DL Dampierland
DMR Davenport Murchison Ranges
DRP Darling Riverine Plains
EIU Einasleigh Uplands
ESP Esperance Plains
EYB Eyre Yorke Block
FIN Finke
FLB Flinders Lofty Block
FLI Flinders
GAS Gascoyne
GAW Gawler
GD Gibson Desert
GFU Gulf Fall and Uplands
GS Geraldton Sandplains
GSD Great Sandy Desert
GUC Gulf Coastal
GUP Gulf Plains
GVD Great Victoria Desert
HAM Hampton
JF Jarrah Forest
KAN Kanmantoo
KIN King
LSD Little Sandy Desert
MAC MacDonnell Ranges
MAL Mallee
MDD Murray Darling Depression
MGD Mitchell Grass Downs
MII Mount Isa Inlier
ML Mulga Lands
MUR Murchison
NAN Nandewar
NCP Naracoorte Coastal Plain
NET New England Tablelands
NK Northern Kimberley
NNC NSW North Coast
NSS NSW South Western Slopes
NUL Nullarbor
OVP Ord Victoria Plain
PCK Pine Creek
PIL Pilbara
RIV Riverina
SB Sydney Basin
SCP South East Coastal Plain
SEC South East Corner
SEH South Eastern Highlands
SEQ South Eastern Queensland
SSD Simpson Strzelecki Dunefields
STP Stony Plains
STU Sturt Plateau
SWA Swan Coastal Plain
TAN Tanami
TCH Tasmanian Central Highlands
TIW Tiwi Cobourg
TNM Tasmanian Northern Midlands
TNS Tasmanian Northern Slopes
TSE Tasmanian South East
TSR Tasmanian Southern Ranges
TWE Tasmanian West
VB Victoria Bonaparte
VM Victorian Midlands
VVP Victorian Volcanic Plain
WAR Warren
WT Wet Tropics
YAL Yalgoo

Interim Biogeographic Regionalisation for Australia, Version 6.1

This map depicts the Interim Biogeographical Regionalisation for Australia (IBRA) version 6.1. IBRA regions represent a landscape based approach to classifying the land surface, including attributes of climate, geomorphology, landform, lithology, and characteristic flora and fauna. Specialist ecological knowledge combined with appropriate regional and continental scale biophysical data sets were interpreted to describe these regions. 85 IBRA regions exist across Australia.